

Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) Statistics: November 2020¹

Key points

- In total, the Midlands Engine area had 338,000 employments furloughed on the 30th September². This was 7% of eligible employments for the scheme compared to the UK average of 8.0%.
- The West Midlands region had 203,300 employments furloughed and the East Midlands region had 154,300 employments furloughed on the 30th September. Compared to the 31st August, the West Midlands decreased by 31.6% (-93,900 employments furloughed) and by 31.8% (-71,800 employments furloughed) for the East Midlands region, while the UK decreased by 31.4%.
- Of the 203,300 employments furloughed in the West Midlands region on the 30th September, 121,400 were fully furloughed and 81,900 were partially furloughed. For the East Midlands, of the 154,300 employments furloughed 91,600 were fully furloughed and 62,700 were partially furloughed.
- Preliminary figures show on the 30th September for the UK, those aged 25-34 years old accounted for the highest proportion of the total number of employments furloughed at 22.0% (535,500), followed by those aged 35-44 years old at 20.2% (492,500) and then those aged 45-54 years old at 19.7% (480,300).
- Across the UK, businesses with over 250 employees have made the highest value of claims for periods to 30th September with £15.4bn. This is followed by businesses with employer size 20-49 with £5.8bn, and then 100-249 with £4.1bn.
- Preliminary figures show on the 30th September for the UK, accommodation and food services accounted for the highest proportion of employments furloughed at 19.6% (477,900). This was followed by wholesale and retail at 16.0% (390,700) and then administrative and support services at 9.5% (231,200).

Full Briefing:

Introduction

- This is the sixth release of Official Statistics on the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS). This release provides analysis of claims for periods up to 30th September 2020. The data used includes claims submitted to HMRC by 31st October 2020.
- The data for July onwards is incomplete as claims relating to these months may still be filed. The figures for July onwards should therefore be considered preliminary results and will be revised in future releases.

Furloughed Employments per day – UK, West Midlands and East Midlands Regions

- Since the peak of 8.9 million employments furloughed on 8th May in the UK, followed by reductions in June, preliminary figures show that the number of employments furloughed continued to fall throughout July and August to 5.2 million at 31st July and 3.6 million on 31st August³.

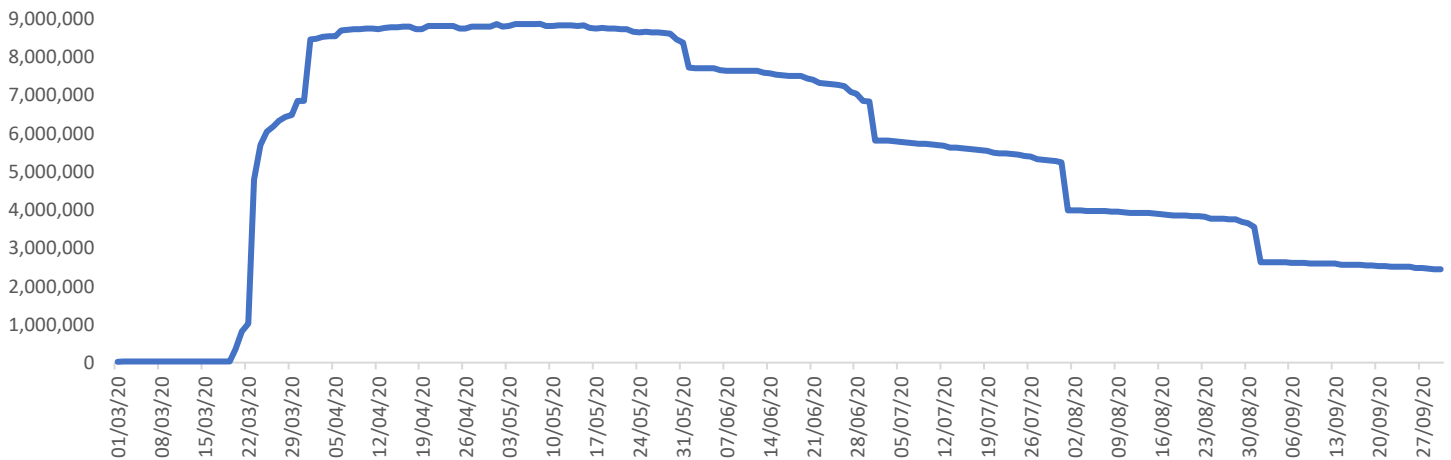
¹ Source: HMRC, Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme statistics: November 2020

² 1,486,900 individuals in the Midlands Engine area have been furloughed at some point, but 338,000 remain furloughed as of 30th September 2020.

³ The figures for the end of July and August have been revised since the October release and it is estimated that the final figure for 31st July could be in the region of 5.3 million once all returns are received and revisions made. It is also estimated that 31st August figure could be revised upwards to in the region of 3.7 million once all returns are received.

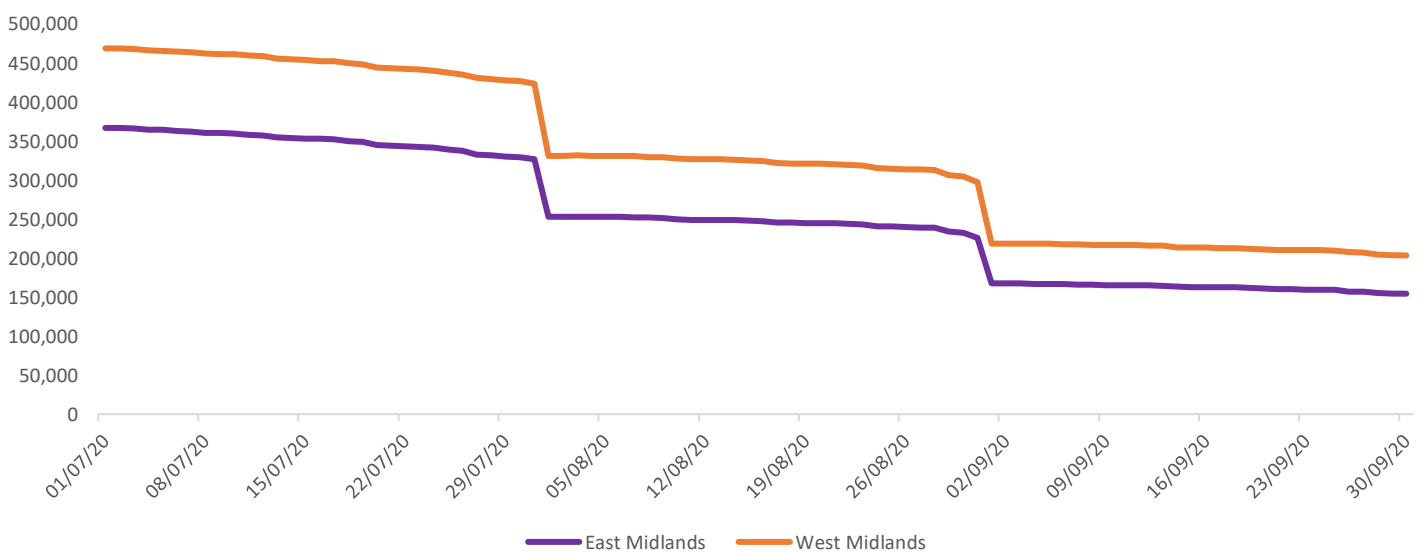
- Preliminary figures show that the number of employments furloughed continued to reduce during September to 2.4 million at 30th September⁴.

The following chart shows the UK employments furloughed between 1st March to 30th September:



- The West Midlands region had 203,300 employments furloughed and the East Midlands region had 154,300 employments furloughed on the 30th September.
- Compared to the 31st August, the West Midlands decreased by 31.6% (-93,900 employments furloughed) and by 31.8% (-71,800 employments furloughed) for the East Midlands region, while the UK decreased by 31.4%.
- Compared to 31st July, the West Midlands region has decreased 52.0% (-220,300 employment furloughed) and the East Midlands has decreased by 52.7% (-172,000 employments furloughed), while the UK decreased by 53.5%.

The following chart shows for the East Midlands and West Midlands Regions the number of employments furloughed between 1st July to 30th September:



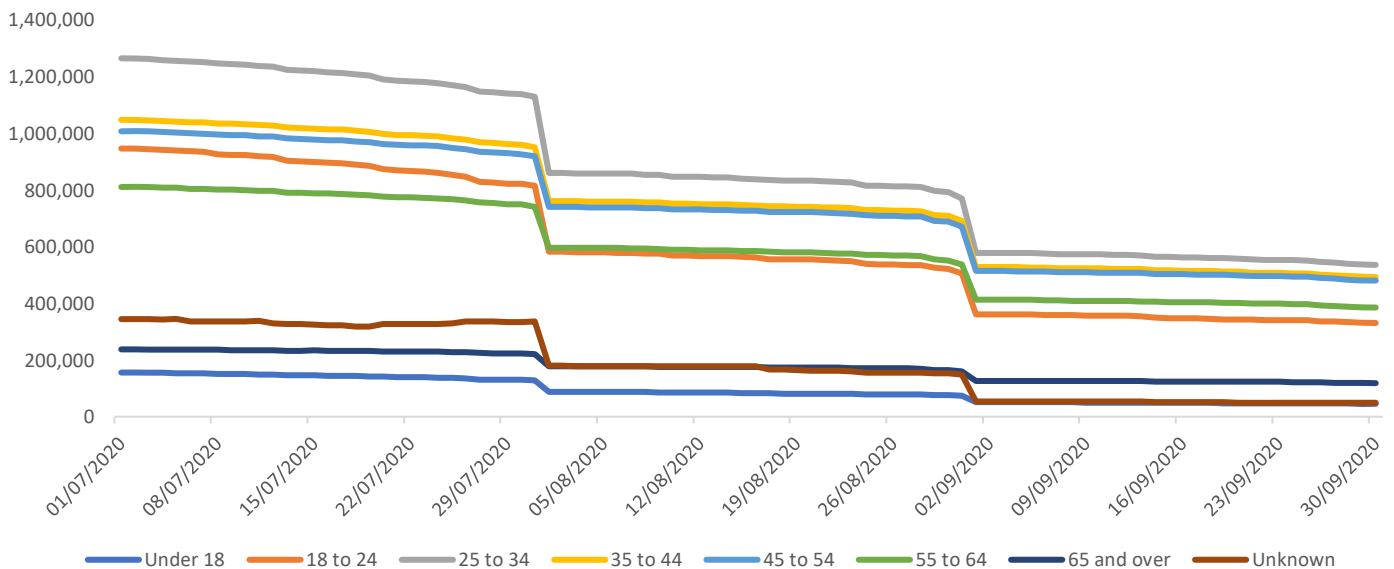
⁴ These figures are based on incomplete data and will be revised. It is estimated that this figure will increase by around 12% to 2.7 million once all returns are received

Of the 203,300 employments furloughed in the West Midlands region on the 30th September, 121,400 were fully furloughed and 81,900 were partially furloughed. For the East Midlands, of the 154,300 employments furloughed 91,600 were fully furloughed and 62,700 were partially furloughed.

Age - UK

- For employments where the employee was aged 25 to 34, the number of employments was 1.26 million on 1st July. This decreased by 134,700 to 1.13 million employments furloughed on 31st July and fell further to 769,400 at 31 August. This continued to fall throughout September to 535,500 employments furloughed at 30th September.
- The number of employments furloughed with employees in the 18 to 24 age band was 946,200 on 1 July. Provisional figures show this decreased to 813,900 employments furloughed at 31 July, 505,100 at 31 August and 330,500 at 30 September.
- Where the employee was 65 or over, the number of employments furloughed was 237,400 on 1 July. Preliminary figures for this age band show the number of employments furloughed decreased to 220,000 at 31 July, 159,700 at 31 August and 118,300 at 30 September.
- Preliminary figures show on the 30th September, those aged 25-34 years old accounted for the highest proportion of the total number of employments furloughed at 22.0% (535,500), followed by those aged 35-44 years old at 20.2% (492,500) and then those aged 45-54 years old at 19.7% (480,300).

The following chart shows the number of employments furloughed per day by employee age (inc. unknown) between 1st July to 30th September for the UK:



Gender – Midlands Engine

- In total, the Midlands Engine area had 338,000 employments furloughed on the 30th September. This was 7% of eligible employments for the scheme, while for the UK the take-up rate was 8%.
- The take up rate of males and females were the same proportions in the Midlands Engine.
- Overall, the local authorities with the highest percentage of workers furloughed were Solihull at 10% (9,500 employments furloughed of the 98,400 eligible employments) and Stratford-on-Avon also at 10% (5,800 employments furloughed of the 60,500 eligible).

- The local authorities with the highest percentage of males furloughed was Birmingham at 10% (22,500 furloughed of the 228,000 eligible), and also Solihull at 10% (4,700 furloughed of the 48,400 eligible).
- The local authorities with the highest percentage of female employments furloughed was Stratford-on-Avon at 10.4% (3,200 furloughed of 30,700 eligible), Solihull at also 10% (4,800 furloughed of 50,000 eligible) and Harborough at 10% (2,100 furloughed of 22,000 eligible).

Further details by local authority within the Midlands Engine area can be seen in a table in the appendix.

Employment Size – UK

- Across the UK, businesses with over 250 employees have made the highest value of claims for periods to 30th September with £15.4bn. This is followed by businesses with employer size 20-49 with £5.8bn, and then 100-249 with £4.1bn.
- On the 30th September, businesses with 20-49 employees have had the highest take up rate at 48.3% (42,500 employers furloughing staff of the 88,000 eligible employers). This was followed by businesses with employer size 50-99 at 46.4% (13,500 employers furloughing staff of the 29,100 eligible), and then 45.7% (7,900 employers furloughing staff of the 17,300 eligible) of businesses with employer size 100-249.
- Those businesses with an employer size of 2-4 furloughed the highest percentage of eligible employments at 22.2% (372,800 employments furloughed of the 1,682,900 eligible), followed by 5-9 at 18.4% (285,400 employments furloughed of the 1,547,800 eligible) and then businesses with employer size of 1 at 17.9% (130,000 employments furloughed of the 727,600 eligible).

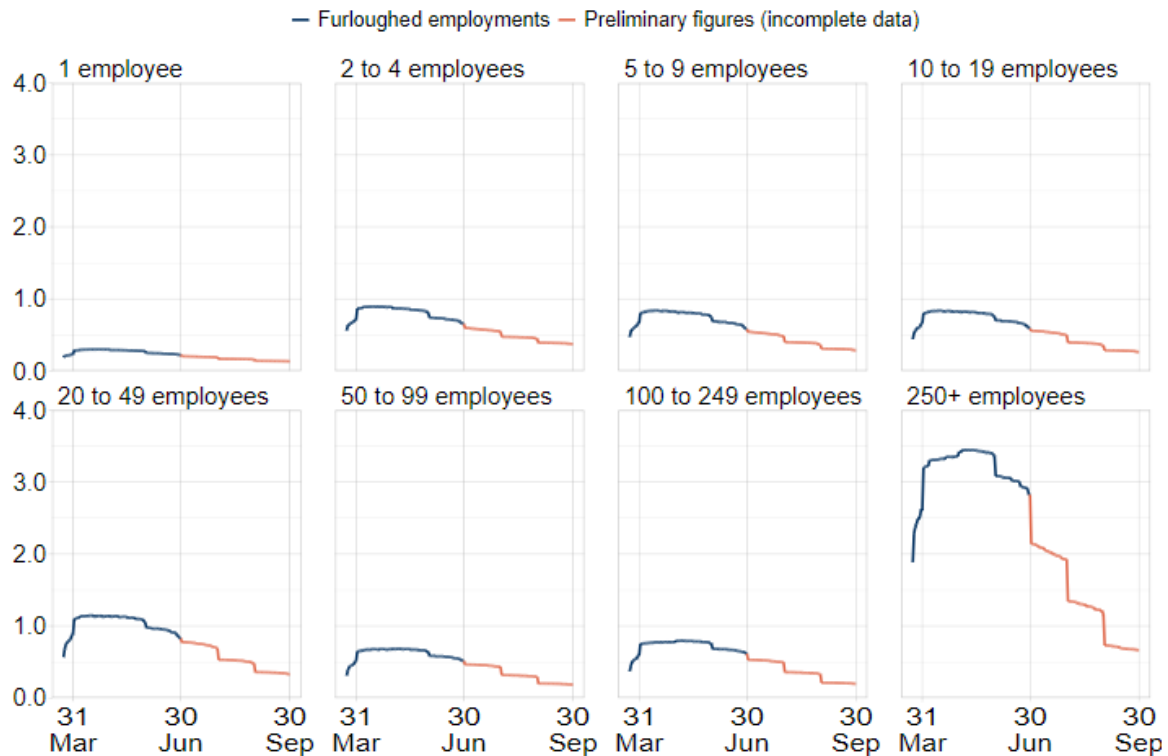
The following table shows by employers and employments the number furloughed, eligible and the take up rate by employer size for the UK on 30th September:

Employer size	Employers			Employments			Value of claims made for periods to 30 th Sep (£ million)
	Employers furloughing staff	Eligible employers	Take-up rate	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take-up rate	
1	130,000	727,600	17.9%	130,000	727,600	17.9%	£1,133
2 to 4	210,800	667,600	31.6%	372,800	1,682,900	22.2%	£3,593
5 to 9	91,700	242,600	37.8%	285,400	1,547,800	18.4%	£3,658
10 to 19	54,700	136,000	40.2%	261,900	1,792,700	14.6%	£3,909
20 to 49	42,500	88,000	48.3%	329,500	2,615,200	12.6%	£5,848
50 to 99	13,500	29,100	46.4%	185,600	1,977,600	9.4%	£3,644
100 to 249	7,900	17,300	45.7%	196,600	2,606,900	7.5%	£4,128
250+	5,000	11,700	42.7%	665,400	17,402,300	3.8%	£15,396
Unknown	600	-	-	10,000	-	-	£48
Total	556,700	1,919,800	29.0%	2,437,200	30,353,200	8.0%	£41,356

- 3.45 million employments were furloughed by large employers with 250 or more employments on 5th May (the peak for this category). This reduced to 2.82 million employments furloughed by 30th June. Preliminary figures for the largest employers show 1.92 million employments furloughed by 31st July, 1.16 million employments furloughed by 31st August to 665,400 employments furloughed on the 30th September.
- Employers with 20 to 49 employments had a peak of 1.15 million employments furloughed on 16th April, compared with a peak of 795,400 for employers with 100 to 249 employments on 1st May.
- Employers with one employment had a peak of 295,700 employments furloughed on 20th April, compared to 219,400 employments furloughed on 30th June. Preliminary figures show this

decreased further to 184,700 employments furloughed by 31st July, and 154,800 employments furloughed by 31st August and to 130,400 on the 30th September.

The following charts show the total employments furloughed (millions) by employer size for the UK between 23rd March to 30th September:



Source: HMRC CJRS data and PAYE Real Time Information

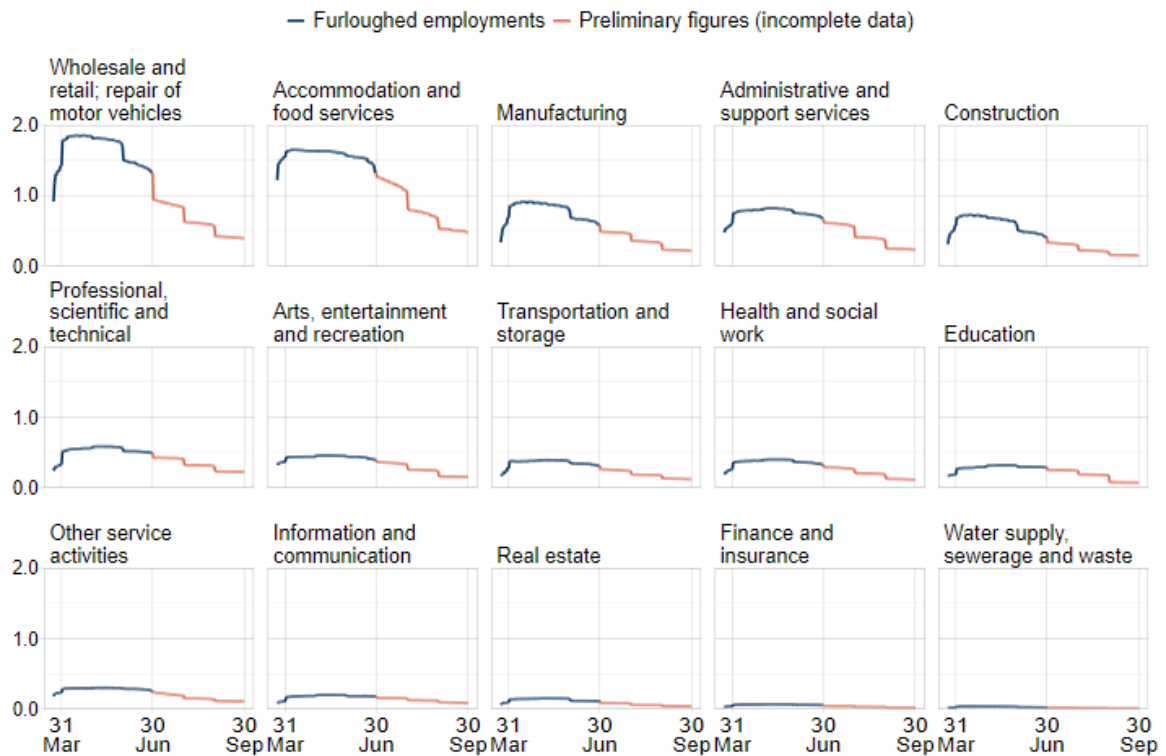
Sectors – UK

- Furloughing of staff in the wholesale and retail sector peaked on 24th April at 1.85 million employments furloughed. This dropped to 1.33 million employments furloughed by 30 June. Preliminary figures for this sector show 830,900 employments furloughed at 31st July, 569,400 jobs furloughed at 31st August to 390,700 employments furloughed on the 30th September.
- Accommodation and food services peaked at 1.65 million employments furloughed on 10th April. There was a net decline of 325,700 employments to 1.32 million employments furloughed by 30th June. Preliminary figures for this sector show 1.06 million employments furloughed by 31st July, 654,500 employments furloughed by 31st August to 477,900 employment furloughed on the 30th September.
- The manufacturing sector had a peak of 911,000 employments furloughed on 17th April. This reduced to 583,600 by 30th June. Preliminary figures for this sector show 455,500 employments furloughed at 31st July, 316,900 employments furloughed at 31st August to 213,100 employments furloughed on the 30th September.
- In construction, furloughing peaked on 14th April with 723,600 employments furloughed, with this falling to 404,200 employments furloughed on 30th June. Preliminary figures for this sector show 295,900 employments furloughed at 31st July to 195,500 employments furloughed at 31st August to 147,300 employments furloughed on 30th September.
- Furloughing in arts and entertainment sector peaked later than other sectors on 15th May 2020 with 455,100 employments furloughed falling to 393,400 employments furloughed on 30th June.

Preliminary figures for this sector show 329,700 employments furloughed on 31st July to 235,600 employments furloughed on 31st August to 150,100 employments furloughed on 30th September.

- On the 30th September, accommodation and food services accounted for the highest proportion of employments furloughed at 19.6% (477,900). This was followed by wholesale and retail at 16.0% (390,700) and then administrative and support services at 9.5% (231,200).

The following charts show the total employments furloughed (millions) by 15 sectors for the UK between 23rd March to 30th September:



Source: HMRC CJRS data and PAYE Real Time Information

Appendix

	Female			Male			Total		
	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take up-rate	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take-up rate	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take-up rate
North East Lincolnshire UA	2,100	34,300	6%	1,800	35,600	5%	3,800	69,900	6%
North Lincolnshire UA	2,000	36,700	6%	1,900	39,500	5%	3,900	76,300	5%
Derby UA	3,900	58,300	7%	3,700	60,700	6%	7,500	119,000	6%
Leicester UA	5,600	76,800	7%	6,800	85,100	8%	12,400	161,900	8%
Nottingham UA	4,400	66,300	7%	4,900	65,500	7%	9,300	131,800	7%
Rutland UA	700	8,000	9%	600	8,000	7%	1,200	16,000	8%
Amber Valley	2,200	29,000	7%	1,800	28,500	6%	4,000	57,500	7%
Bolsover	1,100	18,500	6%	1,000	18,100	6%	2,100	36,600	6%
Chesterfield	1,400	23,500	6%	1,600	22,900	7%	3,000	46,400	6%
Derbyshire Dales	1,300	15,400	9%	1,000	14,700	7%	2,400	30,100	8%
Erewash	2,100	27,000	8%	1,900	26,400	7%	4,000	53,400	8%
High Peak	1,700	22,000	8%	1,600	20,600	8%	3,300	42,600	8%
North East Derbyshire	1,600	22,900	7%	1,500	21,500	7%	3,100	44,400	7%
South Derbyshire	1,900	25,600	7%	1,600	25,600	6%	3,500	51,300	7%
Blaby	2,200	25,000	9%	1,900	23,500	8%	4,000	48,600	8%
Charnwood	3,400	40,900	8%	3,100	40,500	8%	6,600	81,400	8%
Harborough	2,100	22,000	10%	1,700	21,200	8%	3,800	43,100	9%
Hinckley and Bosworth	2,300	26,900	9%	2,100	26,500	8%	4,400	53,400	8%
Melton	1,100	12,300	9%	800	11,800	7%	1,900	24,100	8%
North West Leicestershire	1,900	24,400	8%	1,700	24,800	7%	3,600	49,200	7%
Oadby and Wigston	1,200	13,200	9%	1,100	12,500	9%	2,300	25,600	9%
Boston	800	17,900	4%	700	19,000	4%	1,500	36,900	4%
East Lindsey	1,800	25,800	7%	1,600	25,300	6%	3,400	51,100	7%
Lincoln	1,400	22,700	6%	1,300	23,100	6%	2,700	45,800	6%
North Kesteven	1,700	26,300	6%	1,300	25,700	5%	3,000	52,000	6%
South Holland	1,100	21,500	5%	900	22,200	4%	2,000	43,700	5%
South Kesteven	2,700	33,100	8%	2,100	32,200	7%	4,800	65,300	7%
West Lindsey	1,300	19,800	7%	1,000	19,500	5%	2,400	39,300	6%
Ashfield	1,800	28,800	6%	1,900	28,400	7%	3,700	57,200	6%
Bassetlaw	1,600	26,600	6%	1,600	26,600	6%	3,200	53,200	6%
Broxtowe	1,800	25,700	7%	1,700	24,900	7%	3,500	50,700	7%
Gedling	2,000	28,100	7%	1,900	25,700	7%	3,900	53,900	7%
Mansfield	1,600	25,500	6%	1,600	25,000	6%	3,200	50,500	6%
Newark and Sherwood	2,100	27,600	8%	1,700	27,100	6%	3,800	54,700	7%
Rushcliffe	1,900	27,100	7%	1,700	25,600	7%	3,600	52,700	7%
Herefordshire, County of (UA)	3,000	41,300	7%	2,300	38,900	6%	5,400	80,200	7%
Shropshire UA	5,000	69,400	7%	4,200	65,200	7%	9,300	134,500	7%
Stoke-on-Trent UA	3,600	55,300	7%	4,000	57,400	7%	7,600	112,600	7%
Telford and Wrekin UA	2,600	41,300	6%	2,600	41,700	6%	5,200	83,100	6%
Cannock Chase	1,800	23,400	8%	1,800	23,000	8%	3,600	46,400	8%
East Staffordshire	2,100	28,500	7%	1,700	29,900	6%	3,800	58,400	7%
Lichfield	2,100	23,900	9%	1,900	23,400	8%	4,000	47,300	9%
Newcastle-under-Lyme	1,900	28,000	7%	1,800	27,200	6%	3,600	55,200	7%

	Female			Male			Total		
	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take up-rate	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take-up rate	Employments furloughed	Eligible employments	Take-up rate
South Staffordshire	2,100	24,900	9%	2,000	23,500	8%	4,100	48,300	8%
Stafford	2,200	31,100	7%	1,900	30,800	6%	4,000	61,900	6%
Staffordshire Moorlands	1,500	21,600	7%	1,400	20,700	7%	2,900	42,300	7%
Tamworth	1,500	19,000	8%	1,600	19,400	8%	3,200	38,400	8%
North Warwickshire	1,300	15,600	8%	1,300	15,100	8%	2,500	30,700	8%
Nuneaton and Bedworth	2,000	31,600	6%	2,300	31,600	7%	4,300	63,200	7%
Rugby	2,100	27,000	8%	1,800	28,700	6%	3,900	55,600	7%
Stratford-on-Avon	3,200	30,700	10%	2,600	29,800	9%	5,800	60,500	10%
Warwick	2,900	34,200	9%	2,800	35,600	8%	5,700	69,800	8%
Birmingham	18,500	220,400	8%	22,500	228,000	10%	41,000	448,400	9%
Coventry	5,000	77,200	6%	6,100	80,200	8%	11,100	157,400	7%
Dudley	5,100	70,200	7%	6,100	69,100	9%	11,200	139,200	8%
Sandwell	5,500	70,300	8%	6,500	71,600	9%	11,900	142,000	8%
Solihull	4,800	50,000	10%	4,700	48,400	10%	9,500	98,400	10%
Walsall	4,600	58,200	8%	5,100	59,100	9%	9,600	117,300	8%
Wolverhampton	3,900	57,500	7%	4,500	57,300	8%	8,500	114,700	7%
Bromsgrove	2,000	23,200	9%	1,900	21,800	9%	3,900	45,000	9%
Malvern Hills	1,200	16,400	8%	1,100	15,400	7%	2,300	31,700	7%
Redditch	1,700	21,600	8%	1,900	21,200	9%	3,600	42,800	8%
Worcester	1,700	26,500	6%	1,800	25,600	7%	3,500	52,100	7%
Wychavon	2,400	30,100	8%	2,000	29,200	7%	4,400	59,300	7%
Wyre Forest	1,900	22,400	8%	1,900	21,200	9%	3,800	43,600	9%
Midlands Engine (65 LA)	169,000	2,276,300	7%	169,200	2,273,800	7%	338,000	4,549,900	7%
East Midlands Region	80,000	1,106,300	7%	74,300	1,099,800	7%	154,300	2,206,100	7%
West Midlands Region	99,200	1,290,500	8%	104,100	1,289,900	8%	203,300	2,580,400	8%
United Kingdom	1,224,700	15,354,300	8%	1,165,900	14,998,800	8%	2,437,200	30,353,200	8%